PRESENT PERFECT SIMPLE

1. Usage

**PRESENT PERFECT SIMPLE** wird verwendet,

- wenn man von einer Handlung spricht, die *gerade beendet* worden ist
- wenn das **ERGEBNIS** einer vergangenen Handlung (noch) zu sehen ist

2. Statements (Aussagesätze)

I am exhausted because I *have studied* maths for several hours.
You are probably tired because you *have been* out for so long.
He *has not seen* snow, yet. (Er hat *bis jetzt* keinen Schnee gesehen.)
We are exhausted because we *have gone* for a walk.
They are exhausted because they *have run* three miles.

3. Negation (Verneinung)

I am not exhausted because I *have not studied* maths for several hours.
You are probably not tired because you *have not been* out for so long.
He *has not seen* snow, yet. (Er hat *bis jetzt* keinen Schnee gesehen.)
We are not exhausted because we *have not gone* for a walk.
They are not exhausted because they *have not run* three miles.

4. Asking questions

Have you already done your homework?
Have you heard anything about that play?

5. Negation in questions

**Haven’t you heard** of him recently?
**Have you not heard** of that murder?

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